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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/579,515	05/12/2006	Masaharu Shimakawa	03500.111239.	6547
	7590 11/06/200 CELLA HARPER &	EXAMINER		
30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA			SEO, JUSTIN	
NEW YORK, NY 10112			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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			11/06/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary  The MAILING DATE of this communication app	10/579,515  Examiner  JUSTIN SEO  pears on the cover sheet with the	SHIMAKAWA ET AL.  Art Unit 2861				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	JUSTIN SEO					
		2861				
	pears on the cover sheet with the					
Period for Reply		correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be twill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 Ju</u>	dv 2008					
	action is non-final.					
<i>i</i>	<i>'</i> —					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
closed in accordance with the practice under z	-x parte Quayre, 1900 O.D. 11, -	100 0.0. 210.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10 and 16</u> is/are pending in the app	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-10 and 16</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10 and 16</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,9,10 and 16</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
<u> </u>	, r					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
TT) The bath of declaration is objected to by the Ex	anniner. Note the attached Offic	e Action of John F 10-132.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority document</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority document</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bureau</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	s have been received. s have been received in Applica rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ition No ved in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	ry (PTO-413) Date Patent Application				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's arguments filed 7/21/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 2. Applicant states that "While in Moriyama a black image is recorded with mixed color inks in place of black ink, in the apparatus of Claim 1 a black image is recorded with black ink and with color ink applied (or added). Both are clearly different in structure from each other." Moriyama teaches a black image being recorded with black ink and with color ink (see claims 16-17 in column 29).
- 3. Applicant states that "Among other features recited in Claim 1 and not believed to be present in Moriyama, therefore, are the extraction means, which are for extracting either black adjacent pixels, "composed of pixels whose adjacent pixels are recorded with black ink [emphasis added]", or color adjacent pixels, that "include pixels whose adjacent pixels are recorded with color ink [emphasis added]", from among the pixels constituting a black image, and the data creating means, which create data that corresponds to color ink so that "recording with black ink and with color ink applied (or added) according to a given ratio is done [emphasis added]" on the extracted pixels." "Extraction means" is inherent in Moriyama as the item that identifies which black pixels are adjacent to the color image in claim 16. The extracted pixels are either black adjacent pixels or color adjacent pixels (The pixels composing the edge of the black image will inherently be adjacent to both color and black pixels. These pixels read on

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both black adjacent pixels and color adjacent pixels. See claim 16.). As mentioned above, Moriyama teaches a black image being recorded with black ink *and* with color ink (see claims 16-17 in column 29).

### **Priority**

4. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

# Claim Objections

- 5. Claims **1**, **16**, **and 9-10** are objected to because of the following informalities: It appears that applicant inadvertently underlined the amendment to claims 1 and 16, dated 1/23/2008, into the amendments dated 7/21/2008. It also appears that applicant inadvertently did not include the amendment to claims 9 and 10, dated 1/23/2008, in the amendments dated 7/21/2008. Appropriate correction is required.
- 6. Also, it is noted that applicant appears to have inadvertently forgotten to label claims 19 and 20 as "withdrawn".

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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8. Claims 1-2, 4-7, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moriyama et al. (US 6,084,604).

Regarding **claim 1**, Moriyama discloses a recording apparatus comprising:

one type of pixels, selected from (1) black adjacent pixels composed of pixels whose adjacent pixels are recorded with black ink (See column 29, lines 48-57. Clearly some adjacent pixels are recorded with black ink.), and (2) color adjacent pixels that include pixels whose adjacent pixels are recorded with color ink (see column 29, lines 48-57), from among the pixels constituting a black image (see entire claims 16-17, column 29)

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- data creating means for creating data that corresponds to color ink so that recording with black ink and with color ink applied (or added) according to a given ratio is done, on the black adjacent pixels or the color adjacent pixels extracted by the extraction means (see claim 17, column 29)
- recording control means for performing recording with the recording head on the basis of the recording data and the data created by the creating means (This is inherent in Moriyama.)

Regarding **claim 2**, Moriyama further discloses wherein the creating means creates, as data corresponding to the color ink, data obtained by using a mask pattern for creating pixels recorded according to a given ratio and processing the black adjacent

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pixels or the color adjacent pixels (see claim 17, column 29; claims 24 and 27, column 30).

Regarding **claim 4**, Moriyama further discloses wherein the extraction means extracts both the black adjacent pixels and the color adjacent pixels (See column 29, lines 48-57. Clearly some adjacent pixels are recorded with black ink.); and the creating means creates data that corresponds to color ink by using different ratios for recording pixels with color ink onto the black adjacent pixels and for recording pixels with color ink onto the color adjacent pixels (see claim 17, column 29).

Regarding **claim 5**, Moriyama further discloses wherein the creating means creates data that corresponds to color ink by increasing the ratio for recording pixels with color ink onto the black adjacent pixels to be greater than the ratio for recording pixels with color ink onto the color adjacent pixels (see claims 17-18, columns 29-30).

Regarding **claim 6**, Moriyama further discloses wherein the creating means creates, as data corresponding to the color ink, data obtained by using a mask pattern for creating pixels recorded according to a given ratio and processing the black adjacent pixels or the color adjacent pixels, and uses different masking ratios for the mask patterns used in the masking of the black adjacent pixels and the color adjacent pixels (see claim 17, column 29; claims 24 and 27, column 30).

Regarding **claim 7**, Moriyama further discloses wherein a plurality of color inks corresponding to different colors are used as the color ink; and the creating means uses the mask patterns corresponding to the plurality of color inks to create data

corresponding to the plurality of color inks (see claim 17, column 29; claims 24 and 27, column 30).

Regarding **claim 16**, please note the rejection as set forth above with respect to claim 1.

9. Claims 3 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moriyama et al. (US 6,084,604) in view of lwasaki et al. (US 6,328,403 B1).

Regarding **claim 3**, Moriyama discloses all the limitations introduced in claims 1 and 2.

Moriyama does not seem to disclose wherein the creating means creates data that corresponds to color ink, based on the logical product of the mask pattern and either the black adjacent pixels or the color adjacent pixels.

However, Iwasaki teaches wherein the creating means creates data that corresponds to color ink, based on the logical product of the mask pattern and either the black adjacent pixels or the color adjacent pixels (see column 7, lines 32-55).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the recording apparatus of Moriyama with the teachings of wherein the creating means creates data that corresponds to color ink, based on the logical product of the mask pattern and either the black adjacent pixels or the color adjacent pixels, found in Iwasaki, for the purpose of distributing the colors in order to improve image quality, as is well-known in the art.

Regarding **claim 8/7/6/5/4/3/2/1**, Moriyama further discloses wherein the recording control means records by ejecting black ink according to data that

corresponds to black ink (This is inherent in the reference.), and also records by ejecting color ink according to data obtained from the logical sum of data that corresponds to color ink in the recording data and data that corresponds to color ink created by the creating means (This is also inherent in the reference. If color data is not adjacent to black data, then the original color data is recorded. And if color data is adjacent to black data, then the color data created by the creating means is recorded. See claims 16-17, column 29.).

10. Claims 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moriyama et al. (US 6,084,604) in view of Seto et al. (US 5,828,396).

Regarding claim 9, Moriyama discloses all the limitations introduced in claim 1.

Moriyama does not seem to disclose wherein the extraction means extracts objective pixels as black adjacent pixels when there is more than a predetermined number of black pixels (Note: Moriyama already discloses this. The predetermined number can be any number.) in a matrix which is composed of L x M (where L and M are integers expressed by 1, 3, 5 .... n, n + 2, and where n is a positive integer) pixels and in which pixels constituting a black image are centered around the objective pixels (Note: this is inherent in Moriyama.).

However, Seto teaches wherein the extraction means extracts objective pixels as black adjacent pixels when there is more than a predetermined number of black pixels in a matrix which is composed of L x M (where L and M are integers expressed by 1, 3, 5 .... n, n + 2, and where n is a positive integer) pixels (See Fig. 20 and column 19, lines

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20-34.) and in which pixels constituting a black image are centered around the objective pixels.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the recording apparatus of Moriyama with the teachings of a matrix whose dimension is an odd number by an odd number, found in Seto, for the purpose of symmetrically centering the objective pixel, as is well-known in the art.

Regarding **claim 10**, Seto further discloses wherein the extraction means extracts objective pixels as color adjacent pixels when there is more than a predetermined number of color dot pixels (Note: Moriyama already discloses this. The predetermined number can be any number.) in a matrix composed of L x M (where L and M are integers expressed by 1, 3, 5 .... n, n + 2, and where n is a positive integer) pixels (See Fig. 20 and column 19, lines 20-34.) and in which pixels constituting a black image are centered around the objective pixels (Note: this is inherent in Moriyama.).

#### Conclusion

11. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JUSTIN SEO whose telephone number is (571)270-1327. The examiner can normally be reached on IFP.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Luu can be reached on 571-272-7663. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/LUU MATTHEW/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2861

**Justin Seo** 

/Justin Seo/ Examiner, Art Unit 2861 Application/Control Number: 10/579,515 Page 10

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November 1, 2008